WEST Refine Search Page 1 of 1

Refine Search

Your wildcard search against 10000 terms has yielded the results below.

Your result set for the last L# is incomplete.

The probable cause is use of unlimited truncation. Revise your search strategy to use limited truncation.

Search Results -

Terms	Documents
L9 and (fluor\$ and agonist with antagonist)	136
IS Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database	
JS Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database JS Patents Full-Text Database	
JS Patents Full-Text Database	

Search:

Database:

L10			Refine Search
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Search History

DATE: Wednesday, March 07, 2007 Purge Queries Printable Copy Create Case

Set Name side by side		Hit Count	Set Name result set
DB=U	SPT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ	٠	
<u>L10</u>	L9 and (fluor\$ and agonist with antagonist)	136	<u>L10</u>
<u>L9</u>	L8 and calcium concentration	223	<u>L9</u>
<u>L8</u> -	L6 and (fluorescent or fluorescence) and dye	925	<u>L8</u>
<u>L7</u>	L6 and (fluorescent or fluorescence)	1529	<u>L7</u>
<u>L6</u>	calcium channel	5428	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	L1 and fluor\$	0	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	11 and fluorescent	0	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	11 and fluorescence	0	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	L1 and dye	1	<u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	5429921.pn.	1	<u>L1</u>

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Search Results -

Terms	Documents
L3 and (agonist same antagonist same assay same activity same bind\$)	166

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EPO Abstracts Database
JPO Abstracts Database
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Set Name side by side		Hit Count	Set Name result set
DB=U	SPT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L7</u>	L3 and (agonist same antagonist same assay same activity same bind\$)	166	<u>L7</u>
<u>L6</u>	L3 and (agonist same antagonist same assay same activity)	346	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	L3 and (agonist same antagonist same assay)	493	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	L3 and (agonist same antagonist)	1762	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	calcium channel or calcium ion channel	5492	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	calcium channel and (agoninst with antagonist with method)	0	<u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	calcium channel and (agoinst with antagonist with method)	0	L1

Refine Search

Search Results -

Terms	Documents
L5 and (assay with binding)	1

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•	PB, USPT, USOC, EPAB, JPAB, DWPI, TDBD; PLUR=YI	ES; OP=ADJ	100411 500
<u>L10</u>	L5 and (assay with binding)	1	<u>L10</u>
<u>L9</u>	L5 and binding	1	<u>L9</u>
<u>L8</u>	L5 and (agonist with antagonist with bind)	0	<u>L8</u>
<u>L7</u>	L5 and (agonist with antagonist with binding)	0	<u>L7</u>
<u>L6</u>	L5 and (agonist with antagonist)	1	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	6528630.pn.	2	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	L3	0	<u>L4</u>
DB = USP	PT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L3</u>	6320032.pn.	0	<u>L3</u>
DB = USC	OC; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L2</u>	6320032.pn.	0	<u>L2</u>
DB = USF	PT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L1</u>	6320032.pn.	0	<u>L1</u>

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Search Results -

Terms	Documents	
5670113.pn.	1	

Database:	US Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database US Patents Full-Text Database US OCR Full-Text Database EPO Abstracts Database JPO Abstracts Database Derwent World Patents Index IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletins	
Search:	L11	Refine Search
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Search History

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Set Name side by side	Query	Hit Count	Set Name result set
•	T; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L11</u>	5670113.pn.	1	<u>L11</u>
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<u>L10</u>	L5 and (assay with binding)	1	<u>L10</u>
<u>L9</u>	L5 and binding	1	<u>L9</u>
<u>L8</u>	L5 and (agonist with antagonist with bind)	0	<u>L8</u>
<u>L7</u>	L5 and (agonist with antagonist with binding)	0	<u>L7</u>
<u>L6</u>	L5 and (agonist with antagonist)	1	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	6528630.pn.	2	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	L3	0	<u>L4</u>
DB = USP	T; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L3</u>	6320032.pn.	0	<u>L3</u>
DB = USO	C; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L2</u>	6320032.pn.	0	<u>L2</u>
DB = USP	T; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		

<u>L1</u> 6320032.pn.

0 <u>L1</u>

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File: USPT

Jul 4, 1995

US-PAT-NO: 5429921

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5429921 A

TITLE: Assays for agonists and antagonists of recombinant human calcium channels

DATE-ISSUED: July 4, 1995

INVENTOR - INFORMATION:

CITY NAME STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY Harpold; Michael M. San Diego CA Ellis; Steven B. San Diego CA Williams; Mark E. Carlsbad CA Feldman; Daniel H. San Diego CA McCue; Ann F. La Mesa CA Brenner; Robert Austin TX

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>435/4</u>; <u>435/69.1</u>, <u>435/7.2</u>

CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. A method for testing a compound for activity as an agonist or antagonist of a calcium channel, comprising the steps of:

suspending a eukaryotic cell expressing functional, heterologous <u>calcium</u> <u>channels</u> in a solution which contains the compound and an ion or molecule capable of entering the cell through a functional calcium channel;

depolarizing the cell membrane of the cell;

detecting the current flowing into the cell; and

comparing the current thus detected to a current produced by cells in a control experiment; wherein:

the only heterologous ion channels expressed by the cells are $\underline{\text{calcium channels}}$ which comprise one or more subunits;

each heterologously expressed <u>calcium channel</u> subunit has the amino acid sequence of a naturally occurring human calcium channel subunit; and

the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> comprise at least a heterologous .alpha..sub.1 subunit that is selected from the group consisting of

- a VDCC type II (.alpha..sub.1C) subunit having an amino acid sequence comprising the sequence of amino acids set forth in SEQ ID NO: 7,
- a VDCC type III (.alpha..sub.1D) subunit having an amino acid sequence comprising the sequence shown as amino acids 11-2161 of SEQ ID NO: 2, and
- a <u>calcium channel</u> .alpha..sub.1 subunit encoded by DNA capable of hybridizing under conditions of high stringency with DNA that is complementary to an mRNA transcript present in a human cell and that encodes one of the aforesaid VDCC type II or type III subunits.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> further comprise one or more subunits selected from the group consisting of
- an .alpha..sub.2 subunit which is
- a protein having the sequence of amino acids set forth as the translation of the DNA shown in SEQ ID NO: 24, or
- a <u>calcium channel</u> .alpha..sub.2 subunit encoded by DNA capable of hybridizing under conditions of high stringency with DNA which is complementary to an mRNA transcript present in a human cell and which comprises the sequence of nucleotides shown as nucleotides 1-3273 of SEQ ID NO: 24;
- a .beta. subunit which is
- a protein having the sequence of amino acids set forth as the translation of the DNA shown in SEQ ID NO: 18,
- a protein having an amino acid sequence comprising the sequence of amino acids shown in SEQ ID NO: 23, or
- a <u>calcium channel</u> .beta. subunit encoded by DNA capable of hybridizing under conditions of high stringency with DNA which is complementary to an mRNA transcript present in a human cell and which comprises the sequence of nucleotides shown as nucleotides 1-1434 of SEQ ID NO: 18 or encodes the sequence of amino acids shown in SEQ ID NO: 23; and
- a .gamma. subunit which is
- a protein having an amino acid sequence comprising the sequence of amino acids set forth as the translation of the DNA shown in SEQ ID NO: 29, or
- a <u>calcium channel</u> .gamma. subunit encoded by DNA capable of hybridizing under conditions of high stringency with DNA which is complementary to an mRNA transcript present in a human cell and which comprises the sequence of nucleotides shown as nucleotides 1-129 of SEQ ID NO: 29.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the heterologous .alpha.1 subunit is a VDCC type III (.alpha..sub.1D) subunit.
- 4. The method of claim 2, wherein the heterologous .alpha..sub.1 subunit is a

- VDCC type III (.alpha..sub.1D) subunit.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the heterologous .alpha..sub.1 subunit is a VDCC type II (.alpha..sub.1C) subunit.
- 6. The method of claim 2, wherein the heterologous subunit is a VDCC type II (.alpha..sub.1C) subunit.
- 7. The method of claim 1, further comprising, prior to or simultaneously with the step of suspending the cell in solution with the test compound, contacting the cell with a <u>calcium channel</u> agonist, wherein the compound is tested for activity as an antagonist.
- 8. The method of claim 2, further comprising, prior to or simultaneously with the step of suspending the cell in solution with the test compound, contacting the cell with a <u>calcium channel</u> agonist, wherein the compound is tested for activity as an antagonist.
- 9. The method of claim 2, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell and the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> comprise an .alpha..sub.1 subunit and .beta. subunit.
- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> further comprise an .alpha..sub.2 subunit.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> further comprise a .gamma. subunit.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the eukaryotic cell is selected from the group consisting of a COS cell, a mouse L cell, a Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell, a human embryonic kidney (HEK) cell, and an African green monkey cell.
- 13. The method of claim 2, wherein the eukaryotic cell is selected from the group consisting of a COS cell, a mouse L cell, a Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell, a human embryonic kidney (HEK) cell, and an African green monkey cell.
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein the eukaryotic cell is prepared by microinjecting into an amphibian oocyte RNA that is translatable therein into the one or more calcium channel subunits.
- 15. The method of claim 2, wherein the eukaryotic cell is prepared by microinjecting into an amphibian oocyte RNA that is translatable therein into the one or more <u>calcium</u> channel subunits.
- 16. The method of claim 14, further comprising, prior to or simultaneously with the step of suspending the cell in solution with the test compound, contacting the cell with a <u>calcium channel</u> agonist, wherein the compound is tested for activity as an antagonist.
- 17. The method of claim 15, further comprising, prior to or simultaneously with the step of suspending the cell in solution with the test compound, contacting the cell with a <u>calcium channel</u> agonist, wherein the compound is tested for activity as an antagonist.
- 18. The method of claim 15, wherein the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> comprise an .alpha..sub.1 subunit and a .beta. subunit.

- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> further comprise an .alpha..sub.2 subunit.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> further comprise a .gamma. subunit.
- 21. The method of claim 15, wherein the heterologous <u>calcium channels</u> comprise an .alpha..sub.1 subunit and an .alpha..sub.2 subunit.
- 22. The method of any of claims 1, 2, or 14, wherein, prior to the depolarization step, the cell is maintained at a holding potential that substantially inactivates <u>calcium channels</u> that are endogenous to the cell.
- 23. The method of claim 15, wherein, prior to the depolarization step, the cell is maintained at a holding potential that substantially inactivates calcium channels that are endogenous to the cell.
- 24. The method of claim 22, wherein the holding potential is -50 mV.
- 25. The method of claim 23, wherein the holding potential is -50 mV.
- 26. The method of claim 1, wherein the control experiment uses the same or a substantially identical cell but is performed in the absence of the test compound.
- 27. The method of claim 1, wherein the control experiment (i) uses a cell that is substantially identical to the suspended cell but that does not express the heterologous channels, and (ii) is performed in the presence of the test compound.
- 28. The method of claim 2, wherein the control experiment uses the same or a substantially identical cell but is performed in the absence of the test compound.
- 29. The method of claim 2, wherein the control experiment (i) uses a cell that is substantially identical to the suspended cell but that does not express the heterologous channels, and (ii) is performed in the presence of the test compound.

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